

Employee's Withholding Certificate

▶ **Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay.**
 ▶ **Give Form W-4 to your employer.**
 ▶ **Your withholding is subject to review by the IRS.**

2020

Step 1:
Enter Personal Information

(a) First name and middle initial	Last name	(b) Social security number
Address		▶ Does your name match the name on your social security card? If not, to ensure you get credit for your earnings, contact SSA at 800-772-1213 or go to www.ssa.gov .
City or town, state, and ZIP code		
(c) <input type="checkbox"/> Single or Married filing separately		
<input type="checkbox"/> Married filing jointly (or Qualifying widow(er))		
<input type="checkbox"/> Head of household (Check only if you're unmarried and pay more than half the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and a qualifying individual.)		

Complete Steps 2–4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherwise, skip to Step 5. See page 2 for more information on each step, who can claim exemption from withholding, when to use the online estimator, and privacy.

Step 2:
Multiple Jobs or Spouse Works

Complete this step if you (1) hold more than one job at a time, or (2) are married filing jointly and your spouse also works. The correct amount of withholding depends on income earned from all of these jobs.

Do **only one** of the following.

- (a) Use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App for most accurate withholding for this step (and Steps 3–4); **or**
- (b) Use the Multiple Jobs Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result in Step 4(c) below for roughly accurate withholding; **or**
- (c) If there are only two jobs total, you may check this box. Do the same on Form W-4 for the other job. This option is accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld ▶

TIP: To be accurate, submit a 2020 Form W-4 for all other jobs. If you (or your spouse) have self-employment income, including as an independent contractor, use the estimator.

Complete Steps 3–4(b) on Form W-4 for only ONE of these jobs. Leave those steps blank for the other jobs. (Your withholding will be most accurate if you complete Steps 3–4(b) on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.)

Step 3:
Claim Dependents

If your income will be \$200,000 or less (\$400,000 or less if married filing jointly):		
Multiply the number of qualifying children under age 17 by \$2,000 ▶ \$	_____	
Multiply the number of other dependents by \$500 ▶ \$	_____	
Add the amounts above and enter the total here		3 \$

Step 4 (optional):
Other Adjustments

(a) Other income (not from jobs). If you want tax withheld for other income you expect this year that won't have withholding, enter the amount of other income here. This may include interest, dividends, and retirement income	4(a)	\$
(b) Deductions. If you expect to claim deductions other than the standard deduction and want to reduce your withholding, use the Deductions Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result here	4(b)	\$
(c) Extra withholding. Enter any additional tax you want withheld each pay period	4(c)	\$

Step 5:
Sign Here

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this certificate, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is true, correct, and complete.

▶ _____ ▶ _____
Employee's signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.) **Date**

Employers Only

Employer's name and address	First date of employment	Employer identification number (EIN)
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General Instructions

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form W-4, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4.

Purpose of Form

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. If too little is withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty. If too much is withheld, you will generally be due a refund. Complete a new Form W-4 when changes to your personal or financial situation would change the entries on the form. For more information on withholding and when you must furnish a new Form W-4, see Pub. 505.

Exemption from withholding. You may claim exemption from withholding for 2020 if you meet both of the following conditions: you had no federal income tax liability in 2019 and you expect to have no federal income tax liability in 2020. You had no federal income tax liability in 2019 if (1) your total tax on line 16 on your 2019 Form 1040 or 1040-SR is zero (or less than the sum of lines 18a, 18b, and 18c), or (2) you were not required to file a return because your income was below the filing threshold for your correct filing status. If you claim exemption, you will have no income tax withheld from your paycheck and may owe taxes and penalties when you file your 2020 tax return. To claim exemption from withholding, certify that you meet both of the conditions above by writing "Exempt" on Form W-4 in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1(a), 1(b), and 5. Do not complete any other steps. You will need to submit a new Form W-4 by February 16, 2021.

Your privacy. If you prefer to limit information provided in Steps 2 through 4, use the online estimator, which will also increase accuracy.

As an alternative to the estimator: if you have concerns with Step 2(c), you may choose Step 2(b); if you have concerns with Step 4(a), you may enter an additional amount you want withheld per pay period in Step 4(c). If this is the only job in your household, you may instead check the box in Step 2(c), which will increase your withholding and significantly reduce your paycheck (often by thousands of dollars over the year).

When to use the estimator. Consider using the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App if you:

1. Expect to work only part of the year;
2. Have dividend or capital gain income, or are subject to additional taxes, such as the additional Medicare tax;
3. Have self-employment income (see below); or
4. Prefer the most accurate withholding for multiple job situations.

Self-employment. Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you receive separate from the wages you receive as an employee. If you want to pay these taxes through withholding from your wages, use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App to figure the amount to have withheld.

Nonresident alien. If you're a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

Specific Instructions

Step 1(c). Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

Step 2. Use this step if you (1) have more than one job at the same time, or (2) are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both work.

Option (a) most accurately calculates the additional tax you need to have withheld, while option (b) does so with a little less accuracy.

If you (and your spouse) have a total of only two jobs, you may instead check the box in option (c). The box must also be checked on the Form W-4 for the other job. If the box is checked, the standard deduction and tax brackets will be cut in half for each job to calculate withholding. This option is roughly accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld, and this extra amount will be larger the greater the difference in pay is between the two jobs.



Multiple jobs. Complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on only one Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you do this on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Step 3. Step 3 of Form W-4 provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit and Credit for Other Dependents. You can also include **other tax credits** in this step, such as education tax credits and the foreign tax credit. To do so, add an estimate of the amount for the year to your credits for dependents and enter the total amount in Step 3. Including these credits will increase your paycheck and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

Step 4 (optional).

Step 4(a). Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include income from any jobs or self-employment. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your paycheck, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Step 4(b). Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 5, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2020 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes both itemized deductions and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

Step 4(c). Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from your pay **each pay period**, including any amounts from the Multiple Jobs Worksheet, line 4. Entering an amount here will reduce your paycheck and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

Step 2(b) – Multiple Jobs Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



If you choose the option in Step 2(b) on Form W-4, complete this worksheet (which calculates the total extra tax for all jobs) on only ONE Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you complete the worksheet and enter the result on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Note: If more than one job has annual wages of more than \$120,000 or there are more than three jobs, see Pub. 505 for additional tables; or, you can use the online withholding estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App.

- 1 Two jobs. If you have two jobs or you're married filing jointly and you and your spouse each have one job, find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4. Using the "Higher Paying Job" row and the "Lower Paying Job" column, find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 1. Then, skip to line 3
2 Three jobs. If you and/or your spouse have three jobs at the same time, complete lines 2a, 2b, and 2c below. Otherwise, skip to line 3.
a Find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 using the annual wages from the highest paying job in the "Higher Paying Job" row and the annual wages for your next highest paying job in the "Lower Paying Job" column. Find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 2a
b Add the annual wages of the two highest paying jobs from line 2a together and use the total as the wages in the "Higher Paying Job" row and use the annual wages for your third job in the "Lower Paying Job" column to find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 and enter this amount on line 2b
c Add the amounts from lines 2a and 2b and enter the result on line 2c
3 Enter the number of pay periods per year for the highest paying job. For example, if that job pays weekly, enter 52; if it pays every other week, enter 26; if it pays monthly, enter 12, etc.
4 Divide the annual amount on line 1 or line 2c by the number of pay periods on line 3. Enter this amount here and in Step 4(c) of Form W-4 for the highest paying job (along with any other additional amount you want withheld)

Step 4(b) – Deductions Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



- 1 Enter an estimate of your 2020 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040 or 1040-SR)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income
2 Enter: { \$24,800 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$18,650 if you're head of household; \$12,400 if you're single or married filing separately }
3 If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-"
4 Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR)). See Pub. 505 for more information
5 Add lines 3 and 4. Enter the result here and in Step 4(b) of Form W-4

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$220	\$850	\$900	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,210	\$1,870	\$1,870
\$10,000 - 19,999	220	1,220	1,900	2,100	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,410	3,410	4,070	4,070
\$20,000 - 29,999	850	1,900	2,730	2,930	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,240	4,240	5,240	5,900	5,900
\$30,000 - 39,999	900	2,100	2,930	3,130	3,250	3,250	3,440	4,440	5,440	6,440	7,100	7,100
\$40,000 - 49,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,370	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,220	8,220
\$50,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,220	9,220
\$60,000 - 69,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,440	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,220	10,220
\$70,000 - 79,999	1,020	2,220	3,240	4,440	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,570	11,220	11,240
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,060	3,260	5,090	6,290	7,420	8,420	9,420	10,420	11,420	12,420	13,260	13,460
\$100,000 - 149,999	1,870	4,070	5,900	7,100	8,220	9,320	10,520	11,720	12,920	14,120	14,980	15,180
\$150,000 - 239,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,190	16,050	16,250
\$240,000 - 259,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,520	17,170	18,170
\$260,000 - 279,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	13,120	15,120	17,120	18,770	19,770
\$280,000 - 299,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,720	12,720	14,720	16,720	18,720	20,370	21,370
\$300,000 - 319,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	8,200	10,320	12,320	14,320	16,320	18,320	20,320	21,970	22,970
\$320,000 - 364,999	2,720	5,920	8,750	10,950	13,070	15,070	17,070	19,070	21,290	23,590	25,540	26,840
\$365,000 - 524,999	2,970	6,470	9,600	12,100	14,530	16,830	19,130	21,430	23,730	26,030	27,980	29,280
\$525,000 and over	3,140	6,840	10,170	12,870	15,500	18,000	20,500	23,000	25,500	28,000	30,150	31,650

Single or Married Filing Separately

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$460	\$940	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,470	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$2,040	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	940	1,530	1,610	2,060	3,060	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,640	3,830	3,830	3,830
\$20,000 - 29,999	1,020	1,610	2,130	3,130	4,130	4,540	4,540	4,720	4,920	5,110	5,110	5,110
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,060	3,130	4,130	5,130	5,540	5,720	5,920	6,120	6,310	6,310	6,310
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,870	3,460	4,540	5,540	6,690	7,290	7,490	7,690	7,890	8,080	8,080	8,080
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	3,460	4,690	5,890	7,090	7,690	7,890	8,090	8,290	8,480	9,260	10,060
\$80,000 - 99,999	2,020	3,810	5,090	6,290	7,490	8,090	8,290	8,490	9,470	10,460	11,260	12,060
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	3,830	5,110	6,310	7,510	8,430	9,430	10,430	11,430	12,420	13,520	14,620
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	3,830	5,110	7,030	9,030	10,430	11,430	12,580	13,880	15,170	16,270	17,370
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,360	4,950	7,030	9,030	11,030	12,730	14,030	15,330	16,630	17,920	19,020	20,120
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,310	7,540	9,840	12,140	13,840	15,140	16,440	17,740	19,030	20,130	21,230
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,930
\$250,000 - 399,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,930
\$400,000 - 449,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,450	19,940	21,240	22,540
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,230	8,810	11,310	13,810	15,710	17,210	18,710	20,210	21,700	23,000	24,300

Head of Household

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$830	\$930	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,480	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,930	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	830	1,920	2,130	2,220	2,220	2,680	3,680	4,070	4,130	4,330	4,440	4,440
\$20,000 - 29,999	930	2,130	2,350	2,430	2,900	3,900	4,900	5,340	5,540	5,740	5,850	5,850
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,220	2,430	2,980	3,980	4,980	6,040	6,630	6,830	7,030	7,140	7,140
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,530	3,750	4,830	5,860	7,060	8,260	8,850	9,050	9,250	9,360	9,360
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	4,070	5,310	6,600	7,800	9,000	10,200	10,780	10,980	11,180	11,580	12,380
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,900	4,300	5,710	7,000	8,200	9,400	10,600	11,180	11,670	12,670	13,580	14,380
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	4,440	5,850	7,140	8,340	9,540	11,360	12,750	13,750	14,750	15,770	16,870
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	4,440	5,850	7,360	9,360	11,360	13,360	14,750	16,010	17,310	18,520	19,620
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	5,060	7,280	9,360	11,360	13,480	15,780	17,460	18,760	20,060	21,270	22,370
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,920	8,130	10,480	12,780	15,080	17,380	19,070	20,370	21,670	22,880	23,980
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,870
\$250,000 - 349,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,870
\$350,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,900	25,200
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,840	9,560	12,140	14,640	17,140	19,640	21,530	23,030	24,530	25,940	27,240



Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate

New York State • New York City • Yonkers

IT-2104

First name and middle initial	Last name	Your Social Security number
Permanent home address (number and street or rural route)		Apartment number
City, village, or post office		State ZIP code
Single or Head of household <input type="checkbox"/> Married <input type="checkbox"/> Married, but withhold at higher single rate <input type="checkbox"/> Note: If married but legally separated, mark an X in the <i>Single or Head of household</i> box.		
Are you a resident of New York City? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Are you a resident of Yonkers? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Complete the worksheet on page 4 before making any entries.		
1 Total number of allowances you are claiming for New York State and Yonkers, if applicable (from line 20)	1	
2 Total number of allowances for New York City (from line 35)	2	
Use lines 3, 4, and 5 below to have additional withholding per pay period under special agreement with your employer.		
3 New York State amount	3	
4 New York City amount	4	
5 Yonkers amount	5	

I certify that I am entitled to the number of withholding allowances claimed on this certificate.

Employee's signature	Date
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Penalty – A penalty of \$500 may be imposed for any false statement you make that decreases the amount of money you have withheld from your wages. You may also be subject to criminal penalties.

Employee: detach this page and give it to your employer; keep a copy for your records.

Employer: Keep this certificate with your records.

Mark an **X** in box A and/or box B to indicate why you are sending a copy of this form to New York State (see instructions):

A Employee claimed more than 14 exemption allowances for NYS A

B Employee is a new hire or a rehire ... B First date employee performed services for pay (mm-dd-yyyy) (see instr.):

Are dependent health insurance benefits available for this employee? Yes No

If Yes, enter the date the employee qualifies (mm-dd-yyyy):

Employer's name and address (Employer: complete this section only if you are sending a copy of this form to the NYS Tax Department.)	Employer identification number
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Instructions

Changes effective for 2020

Form IT-2104 has been revised for tax year 2020. The worksheet on page 4 and the charts beginning on page 5, used to compute withholding allowances or to enter an additional dollar amount on line(s) 3, 4, or 5, have been revised. If you previously filed a Form IT-2104 and used the worksheet or charts, you should complete a new 2020 Form IT-2104 and give it to your employer.

Who should file this form

This certificate, Form IT-2104, is completed by an employee and given to the employer to instruct the employer how much New York State (and New York City and Yonkers) tax to withhold from the employee's pay. The more allowances claimed, the lower the amount of tax withheld.

If the federal Form W-4 you most recently submitted to your employer was for tax year 2019 or earlier, and you do not file Form IT-2104, your employer may use the same number of allowances you claimed on your federal Form W-4. Due to differences in tax law, this may result in the wrong amount of tax withheld for New York State, New York City, and Yonkers.

For tax years 2020 or later, withholding allowances are no longer reported on federal Form W-4. Therefore, if you submit a federal Form W-4 to your

employer for tax year 2020 or later, and you do not file Form IT-2104, your employer may use zero as your number of allowances. This may result in the wrong amount of tax withheld for New York State, New York City, and Yonkers.

Complete Form IT-2104 each year and file it with your employer if the number of allowances you may claim is different from federal Form W-4 or has changed. Common reasons for completing a new Form IT-2104 each year include the following:

- You started a new job.
- You are no longer a dependent.
- Your individual circumstances may have changed (for example, you were married or have an additional child).
- You moved into or out of NYC or Yonkers.
- You itemize your deductions on your personal income tax return.
- You claim allowances for New York State credits.
- You owed tax or received a large refund when you filed your personal income tax return for the past year.
- Your wages have increased and you expect to earn \$107,650 or more during the tax year.

- The total income of you and your spouse has increased to \$107,650 or more for the tax year.
- You have significantly more or less income from other sources or from another job.
- You no longer qualify for exemption from withholding.
- You have been advised by the Internal Revenue Service that you are entitled to fewer allowances than claimed on your original federal Form W-4 (submitted to your employer for tax year 2019 or earlier), and the disallowed allowances were claimed on your original Form IT-2104.
- You are a covered employee of an employer that has elected to participate in the Employer Compensation Expense Program.
- You made contributions to a New York Charitable Gifts Trust Fund (the Health Charitable Account or the Elementary and Secondary Education Account).

Exemption from withholding

You cannot use Form IT-2104 to claim exemption from withholding. To claim exemption from income tax withholding, you **must** file Form IT-2104-E, *Certificate of Exemption from Withholding*, with your employer. You must file a new certificate each year that you qualify for exemption. This exemption from withholding is allowable only if you had no New York income tax liability in the prior year, you expect none in the current year, **and** you are over 65 years of age, under 18, or a full-time student under 25. You may also claim exemption from withholding if you are a military spouse and meet the conditions set forth under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act as amended by the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act. If you are a dependent who is under 18 or a full-time student, you may owe tax if your income is more than \$3,100.

Withholding allowances

You may **not** claim a withholding allowance for yourself or, if married, your spouse. Claim the number of withholding allowances you compute in Part 1 and Part 5 of the worksheet on page 4. If you want more tax withheld, you may claim fewer allowances. **If you claim more than 14 allowances**, your employer **must send** a copy of your **Form IT-2104** to the New York State Tax Department. You may then be asked to verify your allowances. If you arrive at negative allowances (less than zero) on lines 1 or 2 and your employer cannot accommodate negative allowances, **enter 0** and see *Additional dollar amount(s)* below.

Income from sources other than wages – If you have more than \$1,000 of income from sources other than wages (such as interest, dividends, or alimony received), reduce the number of allowances claimed on line 1 and line 2 (if applicable) of the IT-2104 certificate by one for each \$1,000 of nonwage income. If you arrive at negative allowances (less than zero), see *Withholding allowances* above. You may also consider making estimated tax payments, especially if you have significant amounts of nonwage income. Estimated tax requires that payments be made by the employee directly to the Tax Department on a quarterly basis. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-2105, *Estimated Tax Payment Voucher for Individuals*, or see *Need help?* on page 7.

Other credits (Worksheet line 14) – If you will be eligible to claim any credits other than the credits listed in the worksheet, such as an investment tax credit, you may claim additional allowances.

Find your filing status and your New York adjusted gross income (NYAGI) in the chart below, and divide the amount of the expected credit by the number indicated. Enter the result (rounded to the nearest whole number) on line 14.

Single and NYAGI is:	Head of household and NYAGI is:	Married and NYAGI is:	Divide amount of expected credit by:
Less than \$215,400	Less than \$269,300	Less than \$323,200	65
Between \$215,400 and \$1,077,550	Between \$269,300 and \$1,616,450	Between \$323,200 and \$2,155,350	68
Over \$1,077,550	Over \$1,616,450	Over \$2,155,350	88

Example: You are married and expect your New York adjusted gross income to be less than \$323,200. In addition, you expect to receive a flow-through of an investment tax credit from the S corporation of which

you are a shareholder. The investment tax credit will be \$160. Divide the expected credit by 65. $160/65 = 2.4615$. The additional withholding allowance(s) would be 2. Enter 2 on line 14.

Married couples with both spouses working – If you and your spouse both work, you should each file a separate IT-2104 certificate with your respective employers. Your withholding will better match your total tax if the higher wage-earning spouse claims all of the couple’s allowances and the lower wage-earning spouse claims zero allowances. **Do not** claim more total allowances than you are entitled to. If your combined wages are:

- less than \$107,650, you should each mark an **X** in the box *Married, but withhold at higher single rate* on the certificate front, and divide the total number of allowances that you compute on line 20 and line 35 (if applicable) between you and your working spouse.
- \$107,650 or more, use the chart(s) in Part 6 and enter the additional withholding dollar amount on line 3.

Taxpayers with more than one job – If you have more than one job, file a separate IT-2104 certificate with each of your employers. Be sure to claim only the total number of allowances that you are entitled to. Your withholding will better match your total tax if you claim all of your allowances at your higher-paying job and zero allowances at the lower-paying job. In addition, to make sure that you have enough tax withheld, if you are a single taxpayer or head of household with two or more jobs, and your combined wages from all jobs are under \$107,650, reduce the number of allowances by seven on line 1 and line 2 (if applicable) on the certificate you file with your higher-paying job employer. If you arrive at negative allowances (less than zero), see *Withholding allowances* above.

If you are a single or a head of household taxpayer, and your combined wages from all of your jobs are between \$107,650 and \$2,263,265, use the chart(s) in Part 7 and enter the additional withholding dollar amount from the chart on line 3.

If you are a married taxpayer, and your combined wages from all of your jobs are \$107,650 or more, use the chart(s) in Part 6 and enter the additional withholding dollar amount from the chart on line 3 (Substitute the words *Higher-paying job for Higher earner’s wages* within the chart).

Dependents – If you are a dependent of another taxpayer and expect your income to exceed \$3,100, you should reduce your withholding allowances by one for each \$1,000 of income over \$2,500. This will ensure that your employer withholds enough tax.

Following the above instructions will help to ensure that you will not owe additional tax when you file your return.

Heads of households with only one job – If you will use the head-of-household filing status on your state income tax return, mark the *Single or Head of household* box on the front of the certificate. If you have only one job, you may also wish to claim two additional withholding allowances on line 15.

Additional dollar amount(s)

You may ask your employer to withhold an additional dollar amount each pay period by completing lines 3, 4, and 5 on Form IT-2104. In most instances, if you compute a negative number of allowances and your employer cannot accommodate a negative number, for each negative allowance claimed you should have an additional \$1.85 of tax withheld per week for New York State withholding on line 3, and an additional \$0.80 of tax withheld per week for New York City withholding on line 4. Yonkers residents should use 16.75% (.1675) of the New York State amount for additional withholding for Yonkers on line 5.

Note: If you are requesting your employer to withhold an additional dollar amount on lines 3, 4, or 5 of this allowance certificate, the additional dollar amount, as determined by these instructions or by using the chart(s) in Part 6 or Part 7, is accurate for a weekly payroll. Therefore, if you are not paid on a weekly basis, you will need to adjust the dollar amount(s) that you compute. For example, if you are paid biweekly, you must double the dollar amount(s) computed.

Avoid underwithholding

Form IT-2104, together with your employer’s withholding tables, is designed to ensure that the correct amount of tax is withheld from your pay. If you fail to have enough tax withheld during the entire year, you may owe a large tax liability when you file your return. The Tax Department must assess interest and may impose penalties in certain situations in addition to the tax liability. Even if you do not file a return, we may determine

that you owe personal income tax, and we may assess interest and penalties on the amount of tax that you should have paid during the year.

Employers

Box A – If you are required to submit a copy of an employee's Form IT-2104 to the Tax Department because the employee claimed more than 14 allowances, mark an **X** in box A and send a copy of Form IT-2104 to: **NYS Tax Department, Income Tax Audit Administrator, Withholding Certificate Coordinator, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227-0865**. If the employee is also a new hire or rehire, see *Box B* instructions. See Publication 55, *Designated Private Delivery Services*, if not using U.S. Mail.

Due dates for sending certificates received from employees claiming more than 14 allowances are:

Quarter	Due date	Quarter	Due date
January – March	April 30	July – September	October 31
April – June	July 31	October – December	January 31

Box B – If you are submitting a copy of this form to comply with New York State's New Hire Reporting Program, mark an **X** in box B. Enter the first day any services are performed for which the employee will be paid wages, commissions, tips and any other type of compensation. For services based solely on commissions, this is the first day an employee working for commissions is eligible to earn commissions. Also, mark an **X** in the *Yes* or *No* box indicating if dependent health insurance benefits are available to this employee. If *Yes*, enter the date the employee qualifies for coverage. Mail the completed form, within 20 days of hiring, to: **NYS Tax Department, New Hire Notification, PO Box 15119, Albany NY 12212-5119**. To report newly-hired or rehired employees online instead of submitting this form, go to <https://www.nynewhire.com>.

(continued)

Worksheet

See the instructions before completing this worksheet.

Part 1 – Complete this part to compute your withholding allowances for New York State and Yonkers (line 1).

6 Enter the number of dependents that you will claim on your state return (<i>do not include yourself or, if married, your spouse</i>)	6	
For lines 7, 8, and 9, enter 1 for each credit you expect to claim on your state return.		
7 College tuition credit	7	
8 New York State household credit	8	
9 Real property tax credit	9	
For lines 10, 11, and 12, enter 3 for each credit you expect to claim on your state return.		
10 Child and dependent care credit	10	
11 Earned income credit	11	
12 Empire State child credit	12	
13 New York City school tax credit: If you expect to be a resident of New York City for any part of the tax year, enter 2	13	
14 Other credits (<i>see instructions</i>)	14	
15 Head of household status and only one job (<i>enter 2 if the situation applies</i>)	15	
16 Enter an estimate of your federal adjustments to income, such as deductible IRA contributions you will make for the tax year. Total estimate \$	16	
17 If you expect to be a covered employee of an employer who elected to pay the employer compensation expense tax in 2020, complete Part 3 below and enter the number from line 29	17	
18 If you made contributions in 2019 to a New York Charitable Gifts Trust Fund (the Health Charitable Account or the Elementary and Secondary Education Account), complete Part 4 below and enter the amount from line 32	18	
19 If you expect to itemize deductions on your state tax return, complete Part 2 below and enter the number from line 24. All others enter 0	19	
20 Add lines 6 through 19. Enter the result here and on line 1. If you have more than one job, or if you and your spouse both work, see instructions for <i>Taxpayers with more than one job</i> or <i>Married couples with both spouses working</i>	20	

Part 2 – Complete this part only if you expect to itemize deductions on your state return.

21 Enter your estimated NY itemized deductions for the tax year (<i>see Form IT-196 and its instructions; enter the amount from line 49</i>)	21													
22 Based on your federal filing status, enter the applicable amount from the table below	22													
Standard deduction table														
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Single (cannot be claimed as a dependent)</td> <td style="width: 20%;">\$ 8,000</td> <td style="width: 30%;">Qualifying widow(er)</td> <td style="width: 20%;">\$16,050</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Single (can be claimed as a dependent)</td> <td>\$ 3,100</td> <td>Married filing jointly</td> <td>\$16,050</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Head of household</td> <td>\$11,200</td> <td>Married filing separate returns</td> <td>\$ 8,000</td> </tr> </table>	Single (cannot be claimed as a dependent)	\$ 8,000	Qualifying widow(er)	\$16,050	Single (can be claimed as a dependent)	\$ 3,100	Married filing jointly	\$16,050	Head of household	\$11,200	Married filing separate returns	\$ 8,000		
Single (cannot be claimed as a dependent)	\$ 8,000	Qualifying widow(er)	\$16,050											
Single (can be claimed as a dependent)	\$ 3,100	Married filing jointly	\$16,050											
Head of household	\$11,200	Married filing separate returns	\$ 8,000											
23 Subtract line 22 from line 21 (<i>if line 22 is larger than line 21, enter 0 here and on line 19 above</i>)	23													
24 Divide line 23 by \$1,000. Drop any fraction and enter the result here and on line 19 above	24													

Part 3 – Complete this part if you expect to be a covered employee of an employer that has elected to participate in the Employer Compensation Expense Program (line 17).

25 Expected annual wages and compensation from electing employer in 2020	25	
26 Line 25 minus \$40,000 (if zero or less, stop)	26	
27 Line 26 multiplied by .03	27	
28 Line 27 multiplied by .935	28	
29 Divide line 28 by 65. Drop any fraction and enter the result here and on line 17 above	29	

Part 4 – Complete this part if you made contributions in 2019 to the Health Charitable Account or the Elementary and Secondary Education Account (line 18).

30 Contributions to these funds in 2019	30	
31 Multiply line 30 by 85% (.85)	31	
32 Divide line 31 by 60. Drop any fraction and enter the result here and on line 18 above	32	

Part 5 – Complete this part to compute your withholding allowances for New York City (line 2).

33 Enter the amount from line 6 above	33	
34 Add lines 15 through 19 above and enter total here	34	
35 Add lines 33 and 34. Enter the result here and on line 2	35	

		Combined wages between \$1,185,400 and \$1,724,299									
Higher earner's wages		\$1,185,400	\$1,239,250	\$1,293,200	\$1,347,050	\$1,400,950	\$1,454,850	\$1,508,700	\$1,562,550	\$1,616,450	\$1,670,400
		\$1,239,249	\$1,293,199	\$1,347,049	\$1,400,949	\$1,454,849	\$1,508,699	\$1,562,549	\$1,616,449	\$1,670,399	\$1,724,299
\$592,650	\$646,499	\$5	\$8								
\$646,500	\$700,399	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14						
\$700,400	\$754,299	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$18	\$21				
\$754,300	\$808,199	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$18	\$21	\$24	\$27		
\$808,200	\$862,049	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$18	\$21	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$862,050	\$915,949	\$32	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$18	\$21	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$915,950	\$969,899	\$28	\$36	\$11	\$14	\$18	\$21	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$969,900	\$1,023,749	\$23	\$31	\$39	\$14	\$18	\$21	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549	\$29	\$26	\$34	\$42	\$18	\$21	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$32
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28
\$1,185,400	\$1,239,249	\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25
\$1,239,250	\$1,293,199		\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22
\$1,293,200	\$1,347,049			\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19
\$1,347,050	\$1,400,949				\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43
\$1,400,950	\$1,454,849					\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36
\$1,454,850	\$1,508,699						\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28
\$1,508,700	\$1,562,549							\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30
\$1,562,550	\$1,616,449								\$9	\$21	\$33
\$1,616,450	\$1,670,399									\$9	\$21
\$1,670,400	\$1,724,299										\$9

		Combined wages between \$1,724,300 and \$2,263,265									
Higher earner's wages		\$1,724,300	\$1,778,150	\$1,832,050	\$1,885,950	\$1,939,800	\$1,993,700	\$2,047,600	\$2,101,500	\$2,155,350	\$2,209,300
		\$1,778,149	\$1,832,049	\$1,885,949	\$1,939,799	\$1,993,699	\$2,047,599	\$2,101,499	\$2,155,349	\$2,209,299	\$2,263,265
\$862,050	\$915,949	\$36	\$39								
\$915,950	\$969,899	\$36	\$39	\$42	\$46						
\$969,900	\$1,023,749	\$36	\$39	\$42	\$46	\$49	\$52				
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549	\$36	\$39	\$42	\$46	\$49	\$52	\$55	\$58		
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499	\$35	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$50	\$53	\$56	\$490	\$906
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399	\$32	\$35	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$50	\$53	\$487	\$906
\$1,185,400	\$1,239,249	\$28	\$32	\$35	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$50	\$484	\$903
\$1,239,250	\$1,293,199	\$25	\$28	\$32	\$35	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$481	\$900
\$1,293,200	\$1,347,049	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$32	\$35	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$477	\$897
\$1,347,050	\$1,400,949	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$32	\$35	\$38	\$41	\$474	\$894
\$1,400,950	\$1,454,849	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$32	\$35	\$38	\$471	\$891
\$1,454,850	\$1,508,699	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$32	\$35	\$468	\$888
\$1,508,700	\$1,562,549	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$32	\$465	\$885
\$1,562,550	\$1,616,449	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$462	\$881
\$1,616,450	\$1,670,399	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$459	\$878
\$1,670,400	\$1,724,299	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$22	\$456	\$875
\$1,724,300	\$1,778,149	\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$19	\$453	\$872
\$1,778,150	\$1,832,049		\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$43	\$449	\$869
\$1,832,050	\$1,885,949			\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$36	\$474	\$866
\$1,885,950	\$1,939,799				\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$28	\$466	\$890
\$1,939,800	\$1,993,699					\$9	\$21	\$33	\$30	\$458	\$882
\$1,993,700	\$2,047,599						\$9	\$21	\$33	\$461	\$875
\$2,047,600	\$2,101,499							\$9	\$21	\$464	\$877
\$2,101,500	\$2,155,349								\$9	\$451	\$880
\$2,155,350	\$2,209,299									\$235	\$438
\$2,209,300	\$2,263,265										\$14

Note: These charts do not account for additional withholding in the following instances:

- a married couple with both spouses working, where one spouse's wages are more than \$1,131,632 but less than \$2,263,265, and the other spouse's wages are also more than \$1,131,632 but less than \$2,263,265;
- married taxpayers with only one spouse working, and that spouse works more than one job, with wages from each job under \$2,263,265, but combined wages from all jobs is over \$2,263,265.

If you are in one of these situations and you would like to request an additional dollar amount of withholding from your wages, please contact the Tax Department for assistance (see *Need help?* on page 7).

Part 7 – These charts are only for single taxpayers and head of household taxpayers with more than one job, and whose combined wages are between \$107,650 and \$2,263,265.

Enter the additional withholding dollar amount on line 3.

The additional dollar amount, as shown below, is accurate for a weekly payroll. If you are not paid on a weekly basis, you will need to adjust these dollar amount(s). For example, if you are paid biweekly, you must double the dollar amount(s) computed.

		Combined wages between \$107,650 and \$538,749										
Higher wage		\$107,650 \$129,249	\$129,250 \$150,749	\$150,750 \$172,299	\$172,300 \$193,849	\$193,850 \$236,949	\$236,950 \$280,099	\$280,100 \$323,199	\$323,200 \$377,099	\$377,100 \$430,949	\$430,950 \$484,899	\$484,900 \$538,749
\$53,800	\$75,299	\$13	\$18									
\$75,300	\$96,799	\$12	\$20	\$27	\$26							
\$96,800	\$118,399	\$8	\$17	\$24	\$27	\$28						
\$118,400	\$129,249	\$2	\$11	\$18	\$21	\$26	\$35					
\$129,250	\$139,999		\$4	\$14	\$17	\$22	\$39					
\$140,000	\$150,749		\$2	\$10	\$13	\$19	\$39	\$38				
\$150,750	\$161,549			\$3	\$10	\$15	\$38	\$36				
\$161,550	\$172,499			\$1	\$7	\$13	\$38	\$38	\$36			
\$172,500	\$193,849				\$3	\$10	\$36	\$42	\$38	\$37		
\$193,850	\$236,949					\$11	\$31	\$44	\$42	\$42	\$25	
\$236,950	\$280,099						\$9	\$18	\$29	\$25	\$28	\$15
\$280,100	\$323,199							\$7	\$17	\$27	\$22	\$26
\$323,200	\$377,099								\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22
\$377,100	\$430,949									\$8	\$18	\$27
\$430,950	\$484,899										\$8	\$18
\$484,900	\$538,749											\$8

		Combined wages between \$538,750 and \$1,185,399											
Higher wage		\$538,750 \$592,649	\$592,650 \$646,499	\$646,500 \$700,399	\$700,400 \$754,299	\$754,300 \$808,199	\$808,200 \$862,049	\$862,050 \$915,949	\$915,950 \$969,899	\$969,900 \$1,023,749	\$1,023,750 \$1,077,549	\$1,077,550 \$1,131,499	\$1,131,500 \$1,185,399
\$236,950	\$280,099	\$9											
\$280,100	\$323,199	\$9	\$8										
\$323,200	\$377,099	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8								
\$377,100	\$430,949	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8						
\$430,950	\$484,899	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8				
\$484,900	\$538,749	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8		
\$538,750	\$592,649	\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$236	\$451
\$592,650	\$646,499		\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$236	\$451
\$646,500	\$700,399			\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$236	\$451
\$700,400	\$754,299				\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$8	\$236	\$451
\$754,300	\$808,199					\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$8	\$236	\$451
\$808,200	\$862,049						\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$26	\$236	\$451
\$862,050	\$915,949							\$8	\$18	\$27	\$22	\$254	\$451
\$915,950	\$969,899								\$8	\$18	\$27	\$250	\$470
\$969,900	\$1,023,749									\$8	\$18	\$255	\$465
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549										\$8	\$246	\$471
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499											\$123	\$233
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399												\$14

(Part 7 continued on page 8)

Privacy notification

See our website or Publication 54, *Privacy Notification*.

Need help?



Visit our website at www.tax.ny.gov

- get information and manage your taxes online
- check for new online services and features

Telephone assistance

Automated income tax refund status: 518-457-5149
 Personal Income Tax Information Center: 518-457-5181
 To order forms and publications: 518-457-5431
 Text Telephone (TTY) or TDD equipment users: Dial 7-1-1 for the New York Relay Service

